Maine Clean Government Initiative Biennial Plan Department of Conservation

> Submitted to: Department of Environmental Protection

Department of Administrative and Financial Services

May 31, 2002

1.0 Introduction



The Maine Department of Conservation is responsible for the management, development and protection of seventeen million acres of forestland, 10.4 million acres of unorganized territory, 47 parks and historic sites and more than 480,000 acres of public reserved land. The Department of Conservation's mission is to benefit the citizens, landowners, and users of the state's natural resources by promoting stewardship and ensuring responsible balanced use of Maine's land, forest, water, and mineral resources. The Department is comprised of 5 Bureaus and maintains a staff of approximately 300 year round employees plus a significant seasonal summer staff which more than doubles the total number of employees.

Facilities operated by the Department range from owned and leased office buildings and space, storage buildings, garage/shops, parks, historic sites, recreational use fire towers, radio repeater sites, insect laboratory and an aircraft hangar. The Division of Lands oversees management of more than 480,000 acres of public lands. Facilities exist in populated areas such as Augusta and Bangor and some of the most remote areas of the state. Some facilities do not have road access and can only be reached by boat. The department provides family housing for some parks staff and forest rangers. The department maintains structures with a wide variety of complexity at approximately 100 sites.

The Commissioner appointed the Assistant to the Commissioner to assume responsibility for coordinating the effective development and implementation of agency activities under the Maine Clean Government Initiative.

2.0 Issues Identification

The Assistant to the Commissioner in consultation with the Director of General Services and Bureau designated employees identified environmental aspects associated with the Department's activities. Environmental aspects were further evaluated and defined in meeting held between the Assistant to the Commissioner and Ms. Jane Carpenito of Rizzo Associates, a Maine Clean Government Initiative Consultant.

3.0 Objectives and Targets Selection Process

Upon reviewing the list of Department environmental aspects and impacts, the Department concluded that waste reduction, minimizing exposure to lead and asbestos in Department of Conservation housing and improving knowledge about water quality at swimming areas were the primary environmental objectives that the Department will focus on in this Plan. Clean Government objectives identified by the Department are further described in the following table:



Objective	Target	Method of Measure	Performance Indicator	Action Plan	Responsible Position	Target Date	
Reduce Hazardous Waste Generation	Remove inventory of old "off-spec" materials from facilities	Weight of waste (pounds) from manifests	Inventoried waste will have been removed from facilities statewide.	1. Select waste removal contractor to complete the southern Maine area pick-up.	1.Dir of General Services, Bureau Staff	1. Fall02	
				2. Reinforce purchasing practices to avoid bulk purchases of products that contain hazardous materials.	2. Assist to the Commissioner	2. Fall 02	
				3. Upon completion of inventory removal, conduct debriefing of the process and develop plan for future pick-ups as necessary	3. Dir. Of General Services and Assist to the Commissioner	3.Winter 02/03	
Regulatory Compliance	Incorporate universal waste management into management practices.	Weight of Universal waste (pounds) from shipping documentation	Universal waste generated will be properly, stored, labeled and disposed.	1.Review regulatory applicability with DEP.	1.Asst to the Commissioner and Dir of General Services	1. Ongoing	
	-			2.Continue to collaborate with DOT, DHS and Purchases to advocate for development of recycling contracts to meet the needs of DOC facilities.	2.Asst to the Commissioner	2. Ongoing	
				3.Expand current DOC hazardous waste/recycling guidance document to include universal waste management.	3.Asst to the Commissioner	3.Summer 03	
				4.Identify appropriate staff to receive universal waste training.5.Provide training for identified staff with assistance	4.Asst to the Commissioner	4.Spring/ 03	
				from DEP.	5.Asst to the Commissioner	5.Winter 03/04	
Reduce Opportunities for Lead and Asbestos	Develop and Implement Program to address Lead management	Written guidance document and education	Employees living in DOC housing will receive guidance document on safe	 Continue to advocate for bond issue to survey lead/asbestos presence in state buildings with State provided housing being a priority. Continue support for and participate in proposed 	1.Assistant to Commissioner	1. Ongoing	
Exposure	in DOC provided	programs	management of lead	effort to organize known locations of lead and	2. Assistant to	2.Ongoing	

	housing facilities.		and will be provided	asbestos containing building materials in central	Commissioner		
	nousing facilities.		with opportunities for	statewide database housed at DAFS/BGS	& Bureau staff		
			training.	3.Coordinate with BGS, DEP, DHS to establish	3.Assistant to	3.Ongoing	
			uannig.	guidelines for lead testing protocols at DOC and	Commissioner	5.Oligoling	
				statewide facilities with initial priority on housing.	Commissioner		
				4.Coordinate with BGS, DEP, DHS to establish	4.Assistant to	4.Ongoing	
				guidelines for the safe repair, remodeling and	Commissioner	4.011g0111g	
				maintenance of DOC housing facilities with	commissioner		
				potential or actual lead paint issues			
				5.Issue guidance documents	5.Assistant to		
					Commissioner	5.Fall 02	
				6.Coordinate and provide training programs for	6. Assistant to		
				interested staff	Commissioner	6.Winter/	
					and bureau staff	spring03	
Regulatory	Complete closure	Number of	Floor drains with	1.Continue cooperative effort with DEP to research	1.Assistant to	1.ongoing	
Compliance	of floor drains	floor drain	potential for	floor drains of concern or identify and isolate .	Commissioner		
	identified with	closures or	contamination will be		& Bureau staff		
	potential to	successfully	closed or potential	2.Research and identify appropriate methods of drain	2. Assistant to	2.winter 02/03	
	adversely impact	isolated	source of adverse	closure or isolation or nearby sources of adverse	Commissioner,		
	soil and	potential	substances will be	substances.	Bureau staff		
	groundwater or	sources near	isolated	3.Determine cost estimates for implementation.	3.Bureau staff	3.winter 02/03	
	isolation of source	floor drains			(D)))))))))))))))))))		
	of concern from			4.Request funding for implementation if not possible	4.Bureau staff	4.	
	floor drain			within existing funds.	5 D () ()	-	
				5.Select Contractor.	5.Bureau staff	5.	
				6.Conduct Implementation	6.Bureau staff	6.	
Reduce	Reduce disease	Test results and	Development of	1.Continue cooperative efforts with DHS, DEP	1.Regional Park	1.Ongoing	
disease causing	causing micro-	frequency as	Public Education	&DMR to develop Public Educational Materials,	Managers &		_
micro-	organisms at swim	recommended	Materials,	Outbreak Protocols, Recommended Testing	Asst to		
organisms at	areas from	by working	Recommended	Protocols, Running a Beach protocols,	Commissioner		
swim areas	swimmer	group	Testing protocols,	2. Continue cooperative efforts with DHS, DEP &	2. Regional Park	2.Ongoing	
	introduced		Outbreak protocols	DMR to use several State Park Beaches as pilot sites	Managers		
	diarrhea events and		and Guidance on	for research and information development on			
	site conditions		running a beach to	bacteria at swimming beaches.			
			maintain healthy	3.Distribution of completed Public Education	3.Regional Park	3.summer 02 to	
			swim areas.	materials through State Park sites.	Managers	summer 03	
			Dell's Educi	4.Determination of initial recommended actions that	4.Regional Park	4.summer 02 to	
			Public Education	we will undertake.	Managers	summer 03	
			materials displayed at State Park Beaches	5.Instruction of identified DOC park staff in	5.Regional Park	5.summer 02 to	
	I		State Park Beaches	cooperation with DHS, DEP on initial	Managers.	summer 03	

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				implementation actions.	Assistant to		
					Commissioner		
				6.Implementation.	6.Bureau Staff	6.summer 02/03	
Reduce use of	Eliminate use of	Number of	All mercury	1.Continue testing of recently installed electronic	1.Regional	1.Ongoing	
mercury	mercury	mercury	thermometers will be	weather stations.	Forest		
thermometers	thermometers at	thermometers	eliminated at Forestry		Protection		
	Forestry weather	eliminated	Weather Station.		Ranger		
	stations	from Forestry			-		
		weather		2.Upon completion of successful results of electronic	2.Regional	2.winter 02/03	
		stations		weather station performance to insure reliability and	Forest		
				credibility remove approximately 40 older mercury	Protection		
				thermometers.	Ranger		
					20 1	2	
					3.Regional	3.winter 02/03	
				3.Coordinate with DEP on proper disposal.	Forest		
					Protection		
					Ranger		

4.0 Recent Environmental Protection Efforts

- Low wattage light bulbs are being used to save energy in many Park buildings. We have been designing buildings such as the Range Pond Shelter to take advantage of natural ambient light with electric lights used only for very dark days. Interiors of structures have been painted with light colors or natural polyurethane to reflect natural light.
- Twelve (12) volt lights have replaced many propane-powered lighting fixtures in remote Parks facilities.
- A Clivus Multrum brand composting toilet facility has been constructed at Eagle Island. A solar photo cell powered fan helps to provide a negative air flow from the restroom through the riser to a vent stack which removes any noxious odors from the use area. The composting feature has virtually eliminated the buildup of solids because of the breakdown through biological action of the solids by a factor of 90% into a fluid that consists primarily of nontoxic salts and a composted solid, both suitable for use as a fertilizer for flowers or other vegetation. The result has been a no odor facility with a greatly reduced volume of waste product.
- Hydronic solar heaters for showers have been installed at the new Lake St. George bathhouse;
- Solar panels have been installed at several remote forestry and parks facilities to
 reduce reliance on generators. A fire suppression system is currently being
 constructed on Eagle Island at Admiral Peary's historic summer house. This will
 be entirely powered by a solar photo cell array and will allow greater security for
 the historic building with no use of generators.
- Mountain top radio repeaters are solar powered.
- Batteries for solar powered radio repeaters are gel filled batteries which are less toxic.
- All batteries for portable radio communication units are recycled through University of Maine.
- Routine upgrades to forestry facilities regularly include installation of energy efficient windows, energy efficient fluorescent light bulbs, and insulated vehicle doors.

- Several park rangers are patrolling parks with mountain bikes rather than automobiles.
- Many parks have been provided with small diesel tractors that are used for a myriad of purposes. They reduce fuel needs and staff time required to grade roads, mow grass, and perform other necessary functions.
- Four stroke outboards have been purchased for boats at Eagle Island and other locations. The four stroke outboard results in approximately double the fuel efficiency and far less residual pollutants than a conventional two stroke outboard produces in the water body. A collateral benefit is that a smaller horsepower outboard is generally required.
- Golf carts are utilized as intrapark transportation for staff and equipment where practical. They are very fuel efficient compared to conventional transportation and recharge on downhill grades.
- The Division of Lands recently conducted successful third party audits on their management of more than 480,000 acres of State owned forested lands. The audits by the Forest Stewardship Council and Sustainable Forestry Initiative verified that the lands are being managed in a sustainable manner. Included in the audits was high praise for the minimal use of herbicides and praise for implementation of measures that conserve special features including rare, unique and exemplary natural areas.

5.0 Obstacles to Plan Implementation.

The Department of Conservation embraces the goals of the Clean Government Initiative and expects that it can complete the goals set forth in this plan within the target dates identified assuming current staffing levels, continued timely availability of assistance from sister state agencies and availability of adequate funding.